

Sticky Knowledge

Subject Specific Vocabulary

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Key Vocab	Definition
Organism	This is another word that can be used to mean 'living things'.
Classification	This is where plants or animals are placed into groups according to their characteristics.
Vertebrates	Animals with a backbone (spine).
Invertebrates	Animals without a backbone (spine).
Characteristics	The distinguishing features or qualities that are specific to a species
Environment	An environment contains many habitats and these include areas where there are both living and non-living things

Changes to an **environment** can be natural or caused by humans. Changes to an **environment** can have positive as well as negative effects. Here are some examples of things that can change an **environment**:

Natural

- earthquakes
- storms

floods

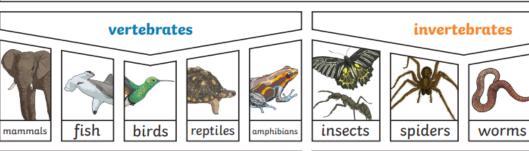
- droughts
- wildfires the seasons

Caused by humans

- deforestation
- pollution
- urbanisation
- creating new nature reserves
- the introduction of new animal or plant species to an environment

Year 4: Biology: Living things and their habitat: How can we group different living things?

Animals can be grouped in lots of different ways based upon their characteristics.



Vertebrates can be separated into five broad groups.

- M ovement
- **R** espiration
- S ensitivity
- G rowth
- R eproduction
- **E** xcretion
- **N** utrition

All organisms need these 7 things in order to survive.
These are called the life processes.

You could sort **invertebrates** you might see around school in different ways, such as in this example. The vast majority of living things on the planet are **invertebrates**.

slugs and

snails

You can use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of organisms. Here is an example of a classification key:

